## **CMGT 235 – Electrical and Mechanical Systems**

# In Class Activity #1 – Heat Load Calculation for a Small Building

Name: _	Solution #1
Name:	
ivanic	
Name:	

#### **R-Value Table**

Building Component	R-Value
Wildebeest snout siding	0.81
Weevil Hide sheathing	0.98
Wookie fiber insulation	3.78 per inch of thickness
Wombat Fur insulation	3.70 per inch of thickness
Wabbit foot wallboard	16.80 per inch of thickness
2x4 Wood Stub	4.38
Walleye Scales	0.78
Walrus Tusk	0.33
Windows per/sf	2.30
Doors	5.60
Inside Air Film	0.68
Outside Air Film	0.17
Air space	0.72 per inch of thickness

## 1. Determine the R-Value and U-Factor for the Wall:

A. Wall Assembly (At Framing)

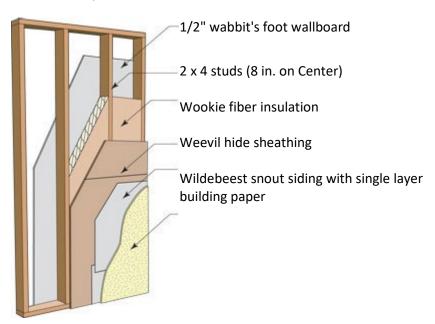
Wall R Value	R-Value		Total R-Value
Outside Air Film	0.17		0.17
Wildebeest Snout Siding	0.81		0.81
Weevil Hide Sheathing	0.98		0.98
2x4 Wood Stud	4.38		4.38
1/2" Wabbit Foot Wallboard	16.80	per/in	8.40
Inside Air Film	0.68		0.68
Total R			15.42
U-Factor (use three decimals)			0.065

# B. Wall Assembly (At Insulation)

Wall R Value	R-Value		Total R-Value
Outside air film value	0.17		0.17
Wildebeest snout siding	0.81		0.81
Weevil Hide sheathing	0.98		0.98
3-1/2" Wookie fiber insulation	3.78	per/in	13.23
1/2" Wabbit foot wallboard	16.80	per/in	8.40
Inside air film value	0.68		0.68
Total R			24.27
U-Factor (use three decimals)			0.041

## C. Determine the average U-Factor for the wall assembly. SHOW ALL WORK

## Wall Assembly



Hint: Determine the percentage of wall that is 2x4 stud and the percentage that is insulated.

U-Factor Average =  $0.065 \times (1.5/8) + 0.041 \times (6.5/8) = 0.065 \times 0.1875 + 0.041 \times 0.8125 = 0.045$ 

# D. Ceiling Assembly

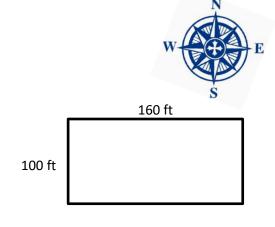
Ceiling R Value	R-Value		Total R-Value
18" Wombat fur	3.70	per/in	66.60
1/2" Wabbit foot wallboard	16.80	per/in	8.40
10" air space	0.72	per/in	7.20
Inside air film value	0.68		0.68
Outside air film value	0.17		0.17
<u>Total R</u>			83.05
U-Factor (use three decimals)			0.012

## 2. Building Construction Data

# A. Calculate Building Volume

## **Building Dimensions**

Length (ft)	160
Width (ft)	100
Ceiling Height (ft)	15
Volume per floor (ft³) =	240,000
Total Building Volume (ft³) =	720,000



## B. Calculate Wall, Window, and Door Area

#### Wall Schedule

Description	Length (ft)	Height (ft)	Area (ft²)
North	160	15	2400
East	100	15	1500
South	160	15	2400
West	100	15	1500
		Total	7800 (per floor)

#### **Window Schedule**

Quantity	Width (ft)	Height (ft)	Area (ft²)
30	8	6	1440
		Total	1440 (per floor

## **Door Schedule**

Quantity	Width (ft)	Height (ft)	Area (ft²)
8	4	8	256
4	4	10	160
Total 416			416

#### C. Calculate Net Wall Area

Net Wall Area = Total Wall Area – Total Window Area – Total Door Area

Net Wall Area =  $23,400 - 4,320 - 416 = 18,664 \text{ ft}^2$ 

#### 3. HEAT LOAD CALCULATION

#### A. Heat Loss Due to Infiltration

Method 1

## Convection: BTUH heat gain/loss due to infiltration

 $q_{infil} = C x ACH x V x \Delta T$ 

4		
C =	0.018 Btu/ft <sup>3</sup>	
ACH =	3.0	
V =	720,000 ft <sup>3</sup>	
ΔT =	42 °F	
q <sub>infil</sub> =	1,632,960	BTUH

(Round q to Whole Number)

Method 2 (check of Method 1)

Step 1: Find cfm

#### $CFM = (ACH \times V) / 60$

ACH =	3.0
V =	720,000 ft <sup>3</sup>
time	60 min/hr
CFM =	36,000

#### BTUH = CFM x 1.08 x $\Delta$ T

Step 2: Insert step 1 cfm

CFM =	36,000
1.08	
ΔT =	42 °F
BTUH =	1,632,9600

#### B. Heat Loss Due to Ventilation

## Convection: BTUH heat/gain loss due to ventilation

q<sub>ventilation</sub> = 1.08 x cfm<sub>total vent.</sub> x ΔT Heating Coil

	Number of	CF	·M
15 CFM/Wallaby X	80 =		1200 CFM
5 CFM/Weasels X	900 =		4500 CFM
		5700	CFM total ventilation

CFM total ventilation	5700	
ΔT =	47 °F	
Q <sub>ventilation</sub>		289,332 BTUH

(Round q to Whole Number)

#### C. Design Conditions

Infiltration Data	
Building Volume	720,000
Air Changes/Hour	3.0
Infiltration CFM	36,000

Winter Design Criteria		
Mixed Air Temp	55 °F	
Return Air Temp	62 °F	
Outside Temp	36 °F	
Supply Air Temp	108 °F	
Daytime Setpoint	78 °F	
Design ΔT	42 °F	
Heating Coil Air ΔT	47 °F	
Heating Coil Water ΔT	27 °F	

#### **D.** Heat Loss Due to Transmission (Round q to Whole Number)

Component	U-Factor (Btu/h x ft <sup>2</sup> x <sup>o</sup> F)	Area (ft²)	ΔT (°F)	q <sub>Transmission</sub> = U x A x ΔT (BTUH)
Walls (Net)	0.045	18,664	42	35,275
Windows	0.435	4,320	42	78,926
Doors	0.179	416	42	3,127
Ceiling	0.012	16,000	42	8,064
Total Envelope Heat Loss Due to Transmission			125,392	

E. Heat Loss Due to Convection (From Page 5)

q <sub>Infiltration</sub> (BTUH)	1,632,960
q <sub>Ventilation</sub> (BTUH)	289,332

F. Total Building Heat Load (qtotal = qTransmission + qInfiltration + qVentilation)

The state of the s	qualitation qualitation	
	Total Heat Coil Load (BTUH)	2,047,685

#### **Extra Credit**

## 4. FAN AND PUMP DATA

A. CFM Req. to move across heating coil = [Total Space Heat Loss/Gain / Heating coil air  $\Delta T$ ] \* 1.08

= (2,047,685/47) x 1.08 = 47,053 CFM

B. GPM Req. to flow through heating coil = Total Coil Load / (Heating coil water  $\Delta T * 500$ )

= 2,047,685/ (27 x 500) = 152 GPM